

Public Service Staff Relations Act Before the Public Service Staff Relations Board

BETWEEN

ANGELA VAUTOUR

Grievor

and

TREASURY BOARD (Parks Canada)

Employer

EXPEDITED ADJUDICATION DECISION



Before:

J. Barry Turner, Board Member

For the Grievor:

C. La Bissonnière, Public Service Alliance of Canada

For the Employer:

Keith Willis

REASONS FOR DECISION

The relevant facts are set out in the Agreed Statement of Facts filed by the parties which states the following:

- 1. The grievor was first hired as an indeterminate seasonal employee, May 31, 1991.
- 2. Her seasonal employment each year for the following five years commenced approximately June 8, and ended approximately September 8.
- 3. The grievor requested, and was granted maternity leave for the period of August 27 to September 8, 1995, the last day of her seasonal employment for 1995.
- 4. summary, the relevant considerations Ιn article 21.03 of the collective agreement provide the following with respect to those entitled to leave benefits in conjunction with UI payments, while on maternity leave without pay: -authorized maximum 26 weeks maternity leave without pay. -for the two week waiting period prior to eligibility for employment insurance:93% of the weekly rate of pay, less any other monies earned during this period -up to a maximum of 15 weeks, payment equivalent to the difference between UI benefits and 93% of the weekly rate of pay, less any other monies earned
- 5. The grievor seeks the top up of maternity benefits for the 15 week period, which were denied by the department.

This matter was originally scheduled to be heard at adjudication in June 1997 but was postponed.

Clause M-21.03(D) of the Master Agreement between the Public Service Alliance of Canada and the Treasury Board reads:

Maternity Leave Without Pay

(D) In respect of the periods of maternity leave, maternity leave allowance payments made according to the

Supplementary Unemployment Benefit Plan will consist of the following:

- (i) where an employee is subject to a waiting period of two (2) weeks before receiving unemployment insurance maternity benefits, an allowance of ninety-three percent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay for each week of the two-week waiting period less any other monies earned during this period; and/or
- (ii) up to a maximum of fifteen (15) weeks, payment equivalent to the difference between the UI benefits the employee is eligible to receive and ninety-three percent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay, less any other monies earned during the period which may result in a decrease in UI benefits to which the employee would have been eligible if no extra monies had been earned during this period.
- (iii) (a) for a full-time employee the weekly rate of pay referred to in clause M-21.03(D)(i) and (ii) shall be the weekly rate of pay, which she is entitled for classification prescribed her in appointment certificate of of her substantive position, on the day the immediately preceding commencement of the maternity leave;
 - **(b)** for a part-time employee the weekly rate of pay referred to in clause M-21.03(D)(i) and (ii) shall be the full-time weekly rate of pay for the classification prescribed in her certificate of appointment of her substantive position multiplied by the obtained by dividing the fraction employee's assigned hours of work averaged over the last six (6) -month period of continuous employment by the regularly scheduled full-time hours of work for the employee's classification on the day immediately preceding the commencement of the maternity leave.
- (iv) where an employee becomes eligible for a pay increment or an economic adjustment during the benefit period, payments under clause M-21.03(D)(i) or (ii) shall be adjusted accordingly.

Ms. Vautour is requesting that she be compensated 'top-up' for maternity leave allowance payments for a 15-week period following September 8, 1995, according to the Master Agreement, clause M-21.03(D).

Even though Ms. La Bissonnière made a reasoned argument on behalf of the grievor, who was a seasonal employee and who still maintained her employment status with Parks Canada after September 8, 1995 since Ms. Vautour intended to return to Parks again in 1996, she was neither a full-time or part-time employee as defined under clause M-21.03(D) of her Master Agreement. After September 8, 1995, the grievor went on seasonal lay-off status and was no longer on maternity leave without pay. The Master Agreement does not recognize this employment status, and is not meant to extend her employment after September 8, 1995. It is restricted in this case to full-time and part-time employees only.

Even though I sympathize with the grievor's situation, I cannot re-write the Master Agreement to suit her status after September 8, 1995.

For these reasons, this grievance is denied.

J. Barry Turner, Board Member.

OTTAWA, September 24, 1999.

Maria Digita de Legación de la propieda de la compansión de la compa

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